Series: ABCD4/3

प्रश्न–पत्र कोड Q.P. Code

राल न.	
Roll No.	

परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें ।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 24 हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 12 प्रश्न हैं।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा । 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
- Please check that this question paper contains 24 printed pages.
- Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 12 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question in the answer-book before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.



लेखाशास्त्र **ACCOUNTANCY**



निर्धारित समय : 2 घण्टे

अधिकतम अंक : 40

Time allowed: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 40

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सामान्य निर्देश:

- (i) इस प्रश्न-पत्र में **दो** भाग हैं भाग **क** और **ख**। प्रश्न-पत्र में **12** प्रश्न हैं। **सभी** प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।
- (ii) भाग क सभी छात्रों के लिए अनिवार्य है।
- (iii) भाग ख में दो विकल्प हैं अर्थात् (i) वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण और (ii) कम्प्यूटरीकृत लेखांकन । छात्रों को दिए गए विकल्पों में से केवल एक ही विकल्प के प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने हैं ।
- (iv) प्रश्न संख्या 1 से 3 और 10 लघ्-उत्तरीय प्रकार-I के प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक के 2 अंक हैं।
- (v) प्रश्न संख्या 4 से 6 और 11 लघु-उत्तरीय प्रकार-II के प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक के 3 अंक हैं।
- (vi) प्रश्न संख्या **7** से **9** और **12** दीर्घ-उत्तरीय प्रश्न हैं। प्रत्येक के **5** अंक हैं।
- (vii) प्रश्न-पत्र में कोई समग्र विकल्प नहीं है। हालाँकि, तीन अंकों के 3 प्रश्नों और **पाँच** अंक के 1 प्रश्न में आंतरिक विकल्प प्रदान किया गया है।

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General Instructions:

- *(i)* This question paper comprises of two Parts – Part-A and B. There are 12 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) **Part** - A is compulsory for all candidates.
- (iii) Part - B has two options i.e. (i) Analysis of Financial Statements and (ii) Computerised Accounting. Candidates must attempt only one of the given options.
- Question Nos. 1 to 3 and 10 are short answer type I questions (iv)carrying 2 marks each.
- (v) Question Nos. 4 to 6 and 11 are short answer type – II questions carrying 3 marks each.
- Question Nos. 7 to 9 and 12 are long answer questions carrying 5 marks (vi) each.
- There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been (vii) provided in 3 questions of three marks and 1 question of five marks.

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भाग – क (अलाभकारी संगठनों, साझेदारी फर्मों तथा कम्पनियों के लिए लेखांकन)

1. 'अलाभकारी संगठन' का क्या अर्थ है ?

2

- 2. क, ख, ग तथा घ एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 1:2:3:4 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते थे । 31.3.2022 को ग ने फर्म से सेवानिवृत्त ली तथा उसके भाग का अधिग्रहण क तथा ख ने 3:2 के अनुपात में कर लिया ।
 - क, ख तथा घ का नया लाभ विभाजन अनुपात ज्ञात कीजिए।

2

2

3

3. पी, क्यू तथा आर एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 4 : 3 : 3 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते थे । 31.3.2022 को 'आर' फर्म से सेवानिवृत्त हुआ । 'आर' की सेवानिवृत्त के समय फर्म का स्थिति विवरण ₹ 3,75,000 के विभिन्न देनदार दर्शा रहा था । यह निर्णय किया गया कि ₹ 5,000 के देनदारों को डूबत ऋणों के रूप में अपलिखित किया जाए तथा देनदारों पर डूबत एवं संदिग्ध ऋणों के लिए 2½% का प्रावधान किया जाए ।

उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए आर की सेवानिवृत्ति पर फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोजनामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

4. 'मुरलीधर चैरिटेबल हॉस्पिटल' की पुस्तकों से प्राप्त निम्न सूचना से 31.3.2022 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए आय एवं व्यय खाते के नाम पक्ष में खतौनी की जाने वाली दवाइयों की राशि की गणना कीजिए :

विवरण	31.03.2021 राशि	31.03.2022 राशि
	₹	₹
दवाइयों का स्टॉक	1,70,000	3,75,000
दवाइयों के लेनदार	5,40,000	8,25,000

वर्ष के दौरान दवाइयों के लेनदारों को ₹ 11,49,000 का भुगतान किया गया। आपातकालीन उपयोग के लिए ₹ 3,30,000 की नगद दवाइयों का क्रय किया गया।

अथवा

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PART – A

(Accounting for Not-for-Profit Organizations,

Partnership Firms and Companies)

1. What is meant by a 'Not-For-Profit Organisation'?

2

- 2. A, B, C and D were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 1:2:3:4. On 31. 3. 2022, C retired from the firm and his share was acquired by A and B in the ratio of 3:2.
 - Calculate the new profit sharing ratio of A, B and D.

2

3. P, Q and R were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 4:3:3. On 31.3.2022 R retired from the firm. On R's retirement the balance sheet of the firm showed sundry debtors at ₹ 3,75,000. It was decided to write off ₹ 5,000 as bad debts and create a provision of 2½% on debtors for bad and doubtful debts.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of the firm on R's retirement.

2

4. From the following information obtained from the books of 'Murlidhar Charitable Hospital', calculate the amount of medicines to be debited to the Income and Expenditure Account of the hospital for the year ended 31.3.2022.

Particulars	31.03.2021 Amount ₹	31.03.2022 Amount ₹
Stock of medicines	1,70,000	3,75,000
Creditors for medicines	5,40,000	8,25,000

During the year ₹ 11,49,000 were paid to the Creditors for medicines. Medicines of ₹ 3,30,000 were purchased in cash for emergency use.

OR

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कारण सिहत बताइए कि एक अलाभकारी संगठन का 'आय एवं व्यय खाता' तथा 'स्थिति विवरण' तैयार करते समय निम्नलिखित मदों का लेखा कैसे किया जाएगा :

- (क) उपभोग की गई क्रीड़ा सामग्री का विक्रय।
- (ख) आजीवन सदस्यता शुल्क
- (ग) भवन निर्माण हेतु सरकारी अनुदान
- 5. एक्स, वाई तथा ज़ैड एक फर्म के साझेदार थे। फर्म अपनी पुस्तकें प्रत्येक वर्ष 31 मार्च को बंद करती है। 31 दिसम्बर, 2021 को 'एक्स' की मृत्यु हो गई। साझेदारी संलेख में प्रावधान था कि मृत्यु की तिथि तक लाभ में मृतक साझेदार के भाग की गणना पिछले वर्ष के लाभ के आधार पर की जायेगी। 31.3.2021 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए फर्म का लाभ ₹ 6,00,000 था।

मृत्यु की तिथि तक फर्म के लाभ में एक्स के भाग की गणना कीजिए तथा इसके लिए फर्म की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टि कीजिए।

6. एक्स लिमिटेड ने वाई लिमिटेड की ₹ 18,00,000 की परिसम्पत्तियों का क्रय तथा ₹ 6,00,000 की देयताओं का अधिग्रहण ₹ 10,00,000 के क्रय मूल्य पर किया । वाई लिमिटेड को ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 9% ऋणपत्रों का ₹ 125 प्रति ऋणपत्र पर निर्गमन करके भुगतान किया गया ।

वाई लिमिटेड के पक्ष में निर्गमित किए गए 9% ऋणपत्रों की संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए तथा उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए एक्स लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

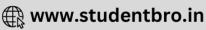
अथवा

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3



State with reason how the following items will be treated while preparing the 'Income and Expenditure Account' and 'Balance Sheet' of a Not-for-Profit Organisation:

- (a) Sale of used sports material.
- (b) Life membership fees.
- (c) Government Grant for the construction of building.
- 5. X, Y and Z were partners in a firm. The firm closes its books on 31st March every year. On 31st December 2021, X died. The partnership deed provided that the share of deceased partner in the profits of the firm till the date of his death will be calculated on the basis of last year's profit. The profit for the year ended 31.3.2021 was ₹ 6,00,000.

Calculate X's share in the profits of the firm till the date of his death and pass the necessary journal entry for the same in the books of the firm.

6. X Ltd. purchased assets of ₹ 18,00,000 and took over liabilities of ₹ 6,00,000 of Y Ltd. for a purchase consideration of ₹ 10,00,000. The payment to Y Ltd. was made by issue of 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at ₹ 125.

Calculate the number of 9% debentures issued in favour of Y Ltd. and pass the necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of X Ltd.

OR

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3



निम्नलिखित लेनदेनों के लिए ज़ैड लिमिटेड की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए:

- (क) ज़ैड लिमिटेड ने ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 10,000, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन ₹ 10 प्रति ऋणपत्र के प्रीमियम पर किया । पूरी राशि आवेदन पर देय थी । 15,000 ऋणपत्रों के लिए आवेदन प्राप्त हुए । 3,000 ऋणपत्रों के आवेदनों को रद्द कर दिया गया तथा आवेदन राशि वापिस कर दी गई । शेष आवेदकों को ऋणपत्र आनुपातिक आधार पर आबंटित कर दिए गए ।
- (ख) कम्पनी के प्रतिभूति प्रीमियम संचय खाते में ₹ 60,000 का शेष था । ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन पर ₹ 1,00,000 की हानि को कम्पनी अधिनियम, 2013 के प्रावधानों के अनुसार अपलिखित किया गया ।
- 7. टी, यू तथा वी एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 2:1:2 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते थे। उनकी फर्म को अत्यधिक हानि हो रही थी अतः इसे बन्द करना पड़ा। परिसम्पत्तियों (नगद तथा बैंक में रोकड़ को छोड़कर) तथा तृतीय पक्ष की देयताओं को वसूली खाते में हस्तांतरित करने के पश्चात् निम्न लेनदेन हुए:
 - (i) 'टी' ने 50% स्टॉक पुस्तक मूल्य से 10% कम पर ₹ 90,000 में ले लिया तथा शेष स्टॉक को₹ 40,000 में बेच दिया गया ।
 - (ii) ₹ 78,000 के लेनदारों ने ₹ 80,000 की मशीनरी अपने दावे के पूर्ण निपटान में ले ली।
 - (iii) ₹ 5,000 के देनदारों से, जिनको पूर्व में अपलिखित कर दिया गया था, वसूली हो गई।
 - (iv) श्रीमती वी को ₹ 72,000 के ऋण का भुगतान फर्म ने कर दिया।
 - (v) विघटन पर ₹ 80,000 की हानि हुई।

उपरोक्त लेनदेनों के लिए टी, यू तथा वी की पुस्तकों में आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए।

5

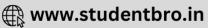
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Pass necessary journal entries in the books of Z Ltd. for the following transactions:

- Z Ltd. invited applications for issuing 10,000, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at a premium of ₹ 10 per debenture. The full amount was payable on application. Applications were received for 15,000 debentures. Applications for 3,000 debentures were rejected and the applications money was refunded. Debentures were allotted to the remaining applicants on a pro-rata basis.
- The company has a balance of ₹ 60,000 in securities premium reserve (b) account. Loss on issue of debentures ₹ 1,00,000 was written off as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.
- 7. T, U and V were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2:1:2. Their firm was incurring huge losses thus it had to be closed. After transferring assets (other than cash in hand and bank) and third party liabilities to realization account the following transactions took place:
 - (i) T took away 50% of the stock at book value less 10% for ₹ 90,000, and the remaining stock was sold for ₹ 40,000.
 - (ii) Creditors of ₹ 78,000 took over machinery of ₹ 80,000 in full settlement of their claim.
 - (iii) ₹ 5,000 debtors previously written off were recovered.
 - (iv) Mrs. V's loan of $\stackrel{?}{\stackrel{?}{?}}$ 72,000 was paid by the firm.
 - Loss on dissolution was ₹ 80,000.

Pass necessary journal entries for the above transactions in the books of T, U and V.

OR

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डी, ई तथा एफ एक फर्म के साझेदार थे तथा 5:2:3 के अनुपात में लाभ-हानि बाँटते थे । 31.3.2022 को उनका स्थिति विवरण निम्न प्रकार से था :

31.3.2022 को डी, ई तथा एफ का स्थिति विवरण

देयताएँ	राशि	परिसम्पत्तियाँ	राशि
44/11/	₹	3000 3004	₹
लेनदार	53,000	नगद	16,000
देय बिल	62,000	बैंक	17,000
सामान्य संचय	2,00,000	स्टॉक	18,000
पूँजी :		देनदार	1,99,000
डी 7,00,000		निवेश	1,15,000
ई 5,00,000		मशीनरी	7,50,000
एफ <u>6,00,000</u>	18,00,000	भूमि तथा भवन	10,00,000
	21,15,000		21,15,000

उपरोक्त तिथि पर डी ने फर्म से सेवानिवृत्ति ली तथा निम्न पर सहमति बनी :

- (i) फर्म की ख्याति का मूल्यांकन ₹ 1,00,000 किया गया। डी के भाग की ख्याति की खतौनी शेष साझेदारों के पूँजी खातों में समायोजन द्वारा की गई।
- (ii) निवेश को उनके बाज़ार मूल्य ₹ 85,000 पर लाया जाएगा ।
- (iii) मशीनरी के मूल्य को ₹ 7,00,000 तक घटाया जायेगा।
- (iv) भूमि तथा भवन के मूल्य को ₹ 12,00,000 तक बढ़ाया जाएगा।
- (v) डी के पूँजी खाते का शेष उसके ऋण खाते में हस्तान्तरित किया जाएगा। पुनर्मूल्यांकन खाता तथा डी की सेवानिवृत्ति पर उसका पूँजी खाता तैयार कीजिए।

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D, E and F were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5:2:3. On 31.3.2022 their balance sheet was as follows:

Balance Sheet of D, E and F as on 31.3.2022

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Liabilities	₹	Assets	₹
Creditors	53,000	Cash	16,000
Bills Payable	62,000	Bank	17,000
General Reserve	2,00,000	Stock	18,000
Capitals:		Debtors	1,99,000
D 7,00,000		Investments	1,15,000
E 5,00,000		Machinery	7,50,000
F <u>6,00,000</u>	18,00,000	Land and Building	10,00,000
	21,15,000		21,15,000

On the above date D retired from the firm and the following was agreed upon:

- (i) Goodwill of the firm was valued at ₹ 1,00,000. D's share of goodwill was adjusted through the capital accounts of remaining partners.
- (ii) Investments were to be brought to their market value which was ₹85,000.
- (iii) Machinery was to be depreciated to ₹ 7,00,000.
- (iv) Land and Building was to be appreciated to ₹ 12,00,000.
- (v) The balance in D's capital account was transferred to his loan account.

Prepare Revaluation Account and D's Capital Account on his retirement.

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- निम्न स्थितियों में ऋणपत्रों के निर्गमन की आवश्यक रोज़नामचा प्रविष्टियाँ कीजिए :
 - (क) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 50,000, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन सममूल्य पर किया जिनका शोधन सममूल्य पर करना है।
 - (ख) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 10,000, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 7% के प्रीमियम पर किया जिनका शोधन सममूल्य पर करना है।
 - (ग) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 750, 8% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 10% बहे पर किया गया जिनका शोधन सममूल्य पर करना है।
 - (घ) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 1,000, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 5% प्रीमियम पर किया गया जिनका शोधन 8% प्रीमियम पर करना है।
 - (ङ) ₹ 100 प्रत्येक के 500, 9% ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 10% बहे पर किया गया जिनका शोधन 10% प्रीमियम पर करना है ।
- 9. 31.3.2022 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए गोल्डन क्लब के निम्न प्राप्ति एवं भुगतान खाते से आय एवं व्यय खाता तैयार कीजिए :

31.3.2022 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए गोल्डन क्लब का प्राप्ति एवं भुगतान खाता

प्राप्तियाँ	राशि	91गतान	राशि
त्राापापा	₹	भुगतान	₹
शेष नीचे लाये		मानदेय	75,000
नगद 70,000		स्टेशनरी	15,000
बैंक $2,00,000$	2,70,000	बिजली बिल	35,000
चन्दा	2,00,000	किराया	1,20,000
प्रवेश शुल्क	50,000	फर्नीचर	1,80,000
पुराने समाचार-पत्रों की बिक्री	2,000	स्थायी जमा @ 9% वार्षिक	
पुराने फर्नीचर (पुस्तक मूल्य		की दर से, 31.03.2022	1,00,000
₹ 10,000) की बिक्री	4,000	शेष नीचे ले गए	
दान	45,000	नगद 26,000	
आजीवन सदस्यता शुल्क	30,000	बैंक <u>50,000</u>	76,000
	6,01,000		6,01,000

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- 8. Pass necessary journal entries for the issue of debentures in the following cases:
 - (a) Issued 50,000, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at par redeemable at par.
 - (b) Issued 10,000, 8% debentures of ₹ 100 each at 7% premium redeemable at par.
 - (c) Issued 750, 8% debentures of ₹ 100 each at 10% discount redeemable at par.
 - (d) Issued 1,000, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at 5% premium redeemable at 8% premium.
 - (e) Issued 500, 9% debentures of ₹ 100 each at 10% discount redeemable at 10% premium.
- 9. From the following 'Receipts and Payments Account' of Golden Club for the year ended 31.3.2022, prepare Income and Expenditure Account:

Receipts and Payments Account of Golden Club for the year ended 31.3.2022

Receipts	Amount	Payments	Amount ₹
Bal. b/d		Honorarium	75,000
Cash 70,000		Stationery	15,000
Bank <u>2,00,000</u>	2,70,000	Electricity Bill	35,000
Subscriptions	2,00,000	Rent	1,20,000
Entrance Fees	50,000	Furniture	1,80,000
Sale of old newspaper	2,000	Fixed Deposit @ 9% p.a. on 31.03.2022	1,00,000
Sale of old furniture		Balance c/d	
(book value ₹ 10,000)	4,000	Cash 26,000	
Donations	45,000	Bank <u>50,000</u>	76,000
Life membership fees	30,000		
	6,01,000		6,01,000

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P.T.O.





अतिरिक्त सूचना :

- (i) क्लब के 1750 सदस्य थे तथा प्रत्येक सदस्य ₹ 100 वार्षिक चन्दे का भुगतान करता है।
- (ii) फर्नीचर का क्रय 31.3.2022 को किया गया।

5

भाग – ख

विकल्प - I

(वित्तीय विवरणों का विश्लेषण)

10. 'रोकड़ प्रवाह विवरण' का क्या अर्थ है ?

 $\mathbf{2}$

11. निम्न सूचना से 31.3.2021 तथा 31.3.2022 को समाप्त हुए वर्ष के लिए के के लिमिटेड का 'सामान्य आकार लाभ-हानि विवरण' तैयार कीजिए :

3

	2021-2022	2020-2021
विवरण	राशि	राशि
	₹	₹
प्रचालन आगम	20,00,000	15,00,000
अन्य आय	2,00,000	1,50,000
व्यय	4,00,000	3,00,000
कर दर 50%		

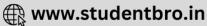
अथवा

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Additional Information:

- (i) Club had 1750 members each paying an annual subscription of ₹ 100.
- (ii) Furniture was purchased on 31.3.2022.

5

PART - B

Option - I

(Analysis of Financial Statements)

10. What is meant by 'Cash Flow Statement'?

2

11. From the following information, prepare a 'Common Size Statement of Profit and Loss' of K K Ltd. for the year ended 31.3.2021 and 31.3.2022:

D 4: 1	2021-2022	2020-2021
Particulars	Amount ₹	Amount ₹
Revenue from operations	20,00,000	15,00,000
Other Income	2,00,000	1,50,000
Expenses	4,00,000	3,00,000
Tax Rate 50%		

 \mathbf{OR}

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जे.जे. लिमिटेड के निम्न स्थिति विवरण से 31.3.2022 को तुलनात्मक स्थिति विवरण तैयार कीजिए :

जे.जे. लिमिटेड

31.3.2022 को स्थिति विवरण

	विवरण	नोट सं.	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
			(₹)	(₹)
I. सम	ता तथा देयताएँ :			
1.	अंशधारक निधियाँ :			
	(क) समता अंश पूँजी		25,00,000	20,00,000
	(ख) संचय एवं आधिक्य		5,00,000	4,00,000
2.	अचल देयताएँ :			
	दीर्घकालीन उधार		10,00,000	10,00,000
3.	चालू देयताएँ :			
	व्यापारिक देय		2,00,000	1,00,000
	कुल		42,00,000	35,00,000
II. परि	सम्पत्तियाँ :			
1.	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	स्थायी परिसम्पत्तियाँ		30,00,000	25,00,000
2.	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	माल-सूची		12,00,000	10,00,000
	कुल		42,00,000	35,00,000

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From the following Balance Sheet of J.J. Ltd. prepare a Comparative Balance Sheet as at 31.3.2022:

J.J. Ltd. Balance Sheet as at 31.3.2022

		Particulars	Note No.	31.3.2022 (₹)	31.3.2021 (₹)
I.	E 6	QUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
	1.	Shareholders' Funds :			
		(a) Equity Share Capital		25,00,000	20,00,000
		(b) Reserves and Surplus		5,00,000	4,00,000
	2.	Non-Current Liabilities :			
		Long-term borrowings		10,00,000	10,00,000
	3.	Current Liabilities :			
		Trade Payables		2,00,000	1,00,000
		Total:		42,00,000	35,00,000
II.	AS	SETS:			
	1.	Non-Current Assets:			
		Fixed Assets		30,00,000	25,00,000
	2.	Current Assets:			
		Inventories		12,00,000	10,00,000
		Total :		42,00,000	35,00,000

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12. 31.3.2022 को जय लिमिटेड के निम्नलिखित स्थिति विवरण से 'प्रचालन गतिविधियों से रोकड़ प्रवाह' की गणना कीजिए:

जय लिमिटेड 31.3.2022 को स्थिति विवरण

	 विवरण	नोट सं.	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
			(₹)	(₹)
I. समत	ा एवं देयताएँ :			
1.	अंशधारक निधियाँ			
	(क) अंश पूँजी	1	50,00,000	30,00,000
	(ख) संचय एवं आधिक्य	2	10,00,000	6,00,000
2.	अचल देयताएँ :			
	दीर्घकालीन उधार	3	8,00,000	4,00,000
3.	चालू देयताएँ :			
	(क) व्यापारिक देय		2,00,000	3,00,000
	(ख) अन्य चालू देयताएँ	4	3,00,000	1,00,000
	(ग) लघुकालीन प्रावधान	5	1,50,000	1,00,000
	कुल		74,50,000	45,00,000
II. परिस	म्पत्तियाँ :			
1.	अचल परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	स्थायी परिसम्पतियाँ			
	(i) मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ	6	60,00,000	40,00,000
	(ii) अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ	7	4,00,000	4,00,000
2.	चालू परिसम्पत्तियाँ :			
	(क) स्टॉक (मालसूची)		7,00,000	40,000
	(ख) रोकड़ एवं रोकड़ तुल्य		3,50,000	60,000
	कुल		74,50,000	45,00,000

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From the following Balance Sheet of Jay Ltd. as at 31.3.2022, calculate 'Cash Flows from Operating Activities':

Jay ltd. Balance Sheet as at 31.3.2022

		Particulars	Note	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
			No.	(₹)	(₹)
I.	E 6	QUITY AND LIABILITIES:			
	1.	Shareholders' Funds :			
		(a) Share Capital	1	50,00,000	30,00,000
		(b) Reserves and Surplus	2	10,00,000	6,00,000
	2.	Non-Current Liabilities:			
		Long-term borrowings	3	8,00,000	4,00,000
	3.	Current Liabilities:			
		(a) Trade Payables		2,00,000	3,00,000
		(b) Other Current Liabilities	4	3,00,000	1,00,000
		(c) Short-term provisions	5	1,50,000	1,00,000
		Total:		74,50,000	45,00,000
II.	AS	SETS:			
	1.	Non-Current Assets:			
		Fixed Assets			
		(i) Tangible Assets	6	60,00,000	40,00,000
		(ii) Intangible Assets	7	4,00,000	4,00,000
	2.	Current Assets:			
		(a) Inventories		7,00,000	40,000
		(b) Cash and Cash equivalents		3,50,000	60,000
		Total:		74,50,000	45,00,000

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खातों के नोट्स :

नोट	विवरण	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
सं.		(₹)	(₹)
1.	अंश पूँजी :		
	समता अंश पूँजी	50,00,000	30,00,000
2.	संचय एवं आधिक्य :		
	आधिक्य अर्थात् लाभ-हानि विवरण का शेष	10,00,000	6,00,000
3.	दीर्घकालीन उधार :		
	10% ऋणपत्र	8,00,000	4,00,000
4.	अन्य चालू देयताएँ :		
	अदत्त किराया	3,00,000	1,00,000
5.	लघुकालीन प्रावधान :		
	कर प्रावधान	1,50,000	1,00,000
6.	मूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ :		
	भूमि	60,00,000	40,00,000
7.	अमूर्त परिसम्पत्तियाँ :		
	एकस्व	4,00,000	4,00,000

अतिरिक्त सूचना :

₹ $4,00,000,\ 10\%$ ऋणपत्रों का निर्गमन 31.3.2022 को किया गया ।

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Notes to Accounts:

Note	Particulars	31.3.2022	31.3.2021
No.		(₹)	(₹)
1.	Share Capital :		
	Equity Share Capital	50,00,000	30,00,000
2.	Reserves and Surplus:		
	Surplus i.e. balance in the statement		
	of profit and loss.	10,00,000	6,00,000
3.	Long-term borrowings:		
	10% debentures	8,00,000	4,00,000
4.	Other Current Liabilities :		
	Outstanding rent	3,00,000	1,00,000
5.	Short-term provisions :		
	Provision for tax	1,50,000	1,00,000
6.	Tangible Assets:		
	Land	60,00,000	40,00,000
7.	Intangible Assets :		
	Patents	4,00,000	4,00,000

Additional Information:

₹ 4,00,000, 10% Debentures were issued on 31.3.2022.

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भाग – ख

विकल्प – II

(कम्प्यूटरीकृत लेखांकन)

10. 'ऑकड़ा अंकेक्षण' शब्द का क्या अर्थ है ?
11. 'पेरोल' गणना में प्रयुक्त किये जाने वाले तीन तत्त्वों का उल्लेख कीजिए ।
अथवा
'सीयूएमआईपीएमटी' (CUMIPMT) कार्य का क्या उपयोग है ? इसका सिन्टैक्स लिखिए एवं समझाइए ।

12. टैली में 'बैंक समाधान विवरण' तैयार करने के चरणों का उल्लेख कीजिए।

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PART - B

Option - II

(Computerised Accounting)

10. What is the meaning of the term 'Data Audit'?
2
11. State the three elements used in 'Payroll' calculation.
OR
What is the use of 'CUMIPMT' function? Write and explain its syntax.

12. State the steps to construct 'Bank Reconciliation statement' in Tally.

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Strictly Confidential: (For Internal and Restricted use only) Senior School Certificate Term II Examination, 2022 Marking Scheme – ACCOUNTANCY (SUBJECT CODE — 055) (PAPER CODE — 67/3/1)

General Instructions: -

- 1. You are aware that evaluation is the most important process in the actual and correct assessment of the candidates. A small mistake in evaluation may lead to serious problems which may affect the future of the candidates, education system and teaching profession. To avoid mistakes, it is requested that before starting evaluation, you must read and understand the spot evaluation guidelines carefully.
- 2. "Evaluation policy is a confidential policy as it is related to the confidentiality of the examinations conducted, Evaluation done and several other aspects. Its leakage to public in any manner could lead to derailment of the examination system and affect the life and future of millions of candidates. Sharing this policy/document to anyone, publishing in any magazine and printing in News Paper/Website etc. may invite action under IPC."
- 3. Evaluation is to be done as per instructions provided in the Marking Scheme. It should not be done according to one's own interpretation or any other consideration. Marking Scheme should be strictly adhered to and religiously followed. However, while evaluating, answers which are based on latest information or knowledge and/or are innovative, they may be assessed for their correctness otherwise and marks be awarded to them..
- 4. The Head-Examiner must go through the first five answer books evaluated by each evaluator on the first day, to ensure that evaluation has been carried out as per the instructions given in the Marking Scheme. The remaining answer books meant for evaluation shall be given only after ensuring that there is no significant variation in the marking of individual evaluators.
- 5. Evaluators will mark($\sqrt{\ }$) wherever answer is correct. For wrong answer 'X' be marked. Evaluators will not put right kind of mark while evaluating which gives an impression that answer is correct and no marks are awarded. This is most common mistake which evaluators are committing.
- 6. If a question has parts, please award marks on the right-hand side for each part. Marks awarded for different parts of the question should then be totaled up and written in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may be followed strictly.
- 7. If a question does not have any parts, marks must be awarded in the left-hand margin and encircled. This may also be followed strictly.
- 8. If a student has attempted an extra question, answer of the question deserving more marks should be retained and the other answer scored out.
- 9. No marks to be deducted for the cumulative effect of an error. It should be penalized only once.
- 10. A full scale of 0-40 marks as given in Question Paper has to be used. Please do not hesitate to award full marks if the answer deserves it.
- 11. Every examiner has to necessarily do evaluation work for full working hours i.e. 8 hours every day and evaluate 30 answer books per day in main subjects and 35 answer books per day in other subjects (Details are given in Spot Guidelines). This is in view of the reduced syllabus and number of questions in question paper.





- 12. Ensure that you do not make the following common types of errors committed by the Examiner in the past:-
 - Leaving answer or part thereof unassessed in an answer book.
 - Giving more marks for an answer than assigned to it.
 - Wrong totaling of marks awarded on a reply.
 - Wrong transfer of marks from the inside pages of the answer book to the title page.
 - Wrong question wise totaling on the title page.
 - Wrong totaling of marks of the two columns on the title page.
 - Wrong grand total.
 - Marks in words and figures not tallying.
 - Wrong transfer of marks from the answer book to online award list.
 - Answers marked as correct, but marks not awarded. (Ensure that the right tick mark is correctly and clearly indicated. It should not merely be a line. Same is with the X for incorrect answer.)
 - Half or a part of answer marked correct and the rest as wrong, but no marks awarded.
- 13. While evaluating the answer books if the answer is found to be totally incorrect, it should be marked as cross (X) and awarded zero (0)Marks.
- 14. Any unassessed portion, non-carrying over of marks to the title page, or totaling error detected by the candidate shall damage the prestige of all the personnel engaged in the evaluation work as also of the Board. Hence, in order to uphold the prestige of all concerned, it is again reiterated that the instructions be followed meticulously and judiciously.
- 15. The Examiners should acquaint themselves with the guidelines given in the Guidelines for spot Evaluation before starting the actual evaluation.
- 16. Every Examiner shall also ensure that all the answers are evaluated, marks carried over to the title page, correctly totaled and written in figures and words.
- 17. The Board permits candidates to obtain photocopy of the Answer Book on request in an RTI application and also separately as a part of the re-evaluation process on payment of the processing charges.







MARKING SCHEME

Senior School Certificate Examination TERM-II, 2022

ACCOUNTANCY (Subject Code-055)

[Paper Code : 67/3/1]

Maximum Marks: 40

	PART -A (ACCOUNTING FOR NOT-FOR-PROFIT ORGANISATIONS, PARTNERSHIP FIRMS AND COMPANIES)			
Q. No.	EXPECTED ANSWER / VALUE POINTS			
1.	Q. What is meant by a 'Not-for-Profit Organisation'? Ans. Not-for-profit organization is the organization that is used for the welfare of the society and is set up as a charitable institution which functions without any profit motive. (Any other correct meaning)	2 Marks		
2.	Q. A,B,C and D were	1/2 1/2 1 = 2 Marks		
	Ans.			



				Books of P, Q and R Journal						
	Date		Pa	urticulars	L.F	Del Amo (₹	unt	Crea Amoi (₹)	unt	
	2022 March 31	To		Dr. ors A/c 000 written off on R's		5,0	000	5,0	000	1
	,, ,,	To	luation A/c Bad Debts A debts writ lation)			5,0	000	5,0	000	1/2
	,, ,,	To	luation A/c Provision for doubtful deb			9,2	250	9,2	250	1/2 = 2 Marks
4. Q.				ation obtained from the	•••••	• • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • •	•••	
			G. 1 /	214 I				C		
Dr	Particulars		Stock of Amount	Medicines Account Particulars			Δη	Cr nount		
	articulars		(₹)	Tuttettus			(₹			
Т	o Balance o Bank A/o	C 1/2	1,70,000 3,30,000 14,34,000	By Income and Expenditu (Medicines consumed d the year- Balancing figu	luring	c 5		9,000		1 + 1/2 + 1/2
		By Balance c/d 3,75,000 19,34,000			=2					
				No mark	ks for				d c/d	
Dr	•	-	1	for Medicines Account			4	Cr	T	
	articulars		Amount (₹)	Particulars				ount ₹)		
	o Bank A/o o Balance		11,49,000 8,25,000	By Balance b/d By Stock of Medicine			·	10,000		1/2+ 1/2
			19,74,000	(Credit purchase of medi	cine)	1/2		34,000 74,000		=1 2+1
			1	No mar	ks for	r Bala	nce	b/d an	d c/d	=3 Marks



	Alternatively:				
			₹		
	Closing Balance of Creditors		8,25,000		
	Add: Payment made to Creditors	1/2	11,49,000		
			19,74,000		
	Less: Opening Balance of Creditors	1/2	5,40,000		
	Medicines Purchased on Credit		14,34,000		
	Add: Medicines Purchased for Cash	1/2	3,30,000		
	Total Medicines Purchased		17,64,000		
	Add: Opening Stock of Medicines	1/2	1,70,000		
	Amount of medicines available for use duri	ng the year	19,34,000		
	Less: Closing Stock	1/2	3,75,000		
	Medicines used during the year	1/2	15,59,000		=3 Marks
	Or				
	Q. State with reason how the	• • • • •			
	Ans.				
	(a) Sale of used sports material: It is a regular for it is shown as an income in the Income and E.			Hence	1
	(b) Life Membership Fees: Some members presubscription instead of paying periodic subscription capital receipt and is credited directly to the other liability side of the Balance Sheet.	ription. Such	amount is trea	ated as	1
	(c) Government Grant for the construction of but for the construction of building is treated as a liability side of the Balance Sheet.				1
5.	Q. X, Y and Z were partners in a	•••••			
	Ans.				
	Firm's profit for 9 months = $₹6,00,000 \times \frac{9}{12}$				
	= ₹ 4,50,000				
	X's share is the profits till the date of his death = $\frac{1}{3}$	×4,50,000			
	=₹	1,50,000			11/2
	If number of months are correct ,1 mark should	be awarded.			



	Dα	ate	Particulars		Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount (₹)		
]	20 Decem	21 ber 31	Profit and Loss Suspense A/c To X's Capital A/c (X's share in the profits till the of his death transferred to his CA/c)		1,50,000	1,50,000		1½ = 3 Mark
Q. An		d. purch	ased assets	Ţ	E 2011		7. 11.	
	Date		Particulars	L.	F Debi Amou (₹)	_	Credit mount (₹)	
		Sundry	Assets A/c	Or.	18,00,0	000		
		To	Sundry Liabilities A/c			6,0	00,000	11/2
		To	Y Ltd. A/c			10,	,00,000	17/2
		To	Capital Reserve A/c			2,0	00,000	
		(Acquir Y Ltd.)	red assets and liabilities fr	om	10.00			
			A/c E 9% Debentures A/c Securities Premium Reserve A	Or. Vc	10,00,0	8,0	00,000	1½
		(Issued of X Lt	9% debentures in fav				-,	= 3 Marl
	orking			2 00 00	0	•		
No	o. of Do	ebenture	s issued in favour of Y Ltd. = $\frac{10}{100}$	0,00,00 125	$\frac{0}{1} = 8000$			
			Or	-				
^	Pass	necessa	ry journal entries in the books	s of Z L	.td			



		Z Ltd.				
		Journal	ı	1	T	_
	Date	Particulars	L.F.	Debit Amount	Credit Amount	
			-	(₹)	(₹)	_
(a)		Bank A/c Dr. To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c		16,50,000	16,50,000	1
		(Debenture application money received)	,			
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c To 9% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A/c		16,50,000	10,00,000 1,00,000 5,50,000	
		To Bank A/c (Allotment of 10,000 debentures and refund of excess application money on 5,000 debentures)			3,30,000	
(b)		Securities Premium Reserve A/c Dr. Statement of Profit &Loss Dr. To Loss on issue of Debentures A/c		60,000 40,000	1,00,000	1
		(Loss on issue of debentures written off.)				=3 Mark
	J					
Q. T	, U and	V were partners	••••			
Q. T		-	••••			
_		Journal				
_		-	L.F	Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount (₹)	
Ans.	te	Journal		Amount	Amount	
Ans.	te T's	Journal Particulars		Amount (₹)	Amount	
Ans.	te T's Bar	Journal Particulars Capital A/c Dr.		<i>Amount</i> (₹) 90,000	Amount	
Ans.	te T's Bai T (50	Journal Particulars Capital A/c Dr. nk A/c / Cash A/c Dr.		<i>Amount</i> (₹) 90,000	Amount (₹)	
Ans.	te T's Bai T (50) bal	Journal Particulars Capital A/c Dr. nk A/c / Cash A/c Dr. To Realisation A/c % of stock taken over by T and the		<i>Amount</i> (₹) 90,000	Amount (₹)	



(iv)	Realisation A/c		Dr.	72,000		
	To Bank A/c/	Cash A/c			72,000	
	(Mrs. V's loan was	s paid by the	firm)			
(v)	T's Capital A/c		Dr.	32,000		
	U's Capital A/c		Dr.	16,000		
	V's Capital A/c		Dr.	32,000		1 5
	To Realisati	on A/c			80,000	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \times 5 \\ = 5 \text{ Mar} \end{vmatrix}$
	(Loss on realiza		rred to			
	Partners' Capital A	Accounts)				
			Or			
0 D I		• 0•	_			
Q. D, I	E, and F were part	ners in a firn	1	•••		
Ans.						
Dr.		Revalu	ation Accou	nt	Cr	
	Particulars	Amount	Part	iculars	Amount	
		₹			₹	
To In	vestments A/c	30,000	By Land a	and Building	2,00,000	
	Machinery A/c 50,000 A/c				$\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 2$	
	ofit on Revaluation erred to:					/2 A 4 -2
	apital A/c 60,000					
	apital A/c 24,000					
F's Ca	apital A/c 36,000	1,20,000				
		2 00 000			2.00.000	
		2,00,000			2,00,000	
Dr.		D'	s Capital A/c	?	Cr	
	Particulars	Amount	Part	iculars	Amount	
		₹			₹	
					_	
То Д	'a Loop A/a		Dry Dolone	a b/d	7.00.000	
To D	's Loan A/c	9,10,000	By Balance		7,00,000	1/ 6.3
To D	's Loan A/c		By Genera	al Reserve	1,00,000	½ x 6=3
To D	's Loan A/c		By Genera By E's Ca	al Reserve pital A/c	1,00,000 20,000	½ x 6=3
То Д	's Loan A/c		By Genera By E's Ca By F's Ca	al Reserve pital A/c pital A/c	1,00,000 20,000 30,000	½ x 6=3
To D	's Loan A/c		By Genera By E's Ca	al Reserve pital A/c pital A/c	1,00,000 20,000	¹ / ₂ x 6=3 2+3 =5 Mari



		Journal				
	Date	Particulars		L.F	Debit Amount (₹)	Credit Amount (₹)
a)		Bank A/c To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Application money on 9% Debentures received)	Dr.		50,00,000	50,00,000
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c To 9% Debentures A/c (Debentures application money transferred to 9% Debentures Account)	Dr.		50,00,000	50,00,000
(b)		Bank A/c To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Application money on 8% Debentures received)	Dr.		10,70,000	10,70,000
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c To 8% Debentures A/c To Securities Premium Reserve A (Debentures application metransferred to 8% Debentures Securities Premium account)	oney		10,70,000	10,00,000 70,000
(c)		Bank A/c To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c (Application money on Debentures received)	Dr. 8%		67,500	67,500
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c	Dr.		67,500	
		Loss/Discount on issue of Debentures A/c To 8% Debentures A/c	Dr.		7,500	75,000
		(Debentures application motion transferred to 8% Debentures A/o	oney			



	(d)	Bank A/c	Dr.	1,05,000		
		To Debenture Application and Allotment A/c			1,05,000	
		(Application money on Debentures received)	9%			
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c	Dr.	1,05,000		
		Loss on issue of Debentures A/c To 9% Debentures A/c	Dr.	8,000	1,00,000	
		To Securities Premium Reserve A/c			5,000	
		To Premium on redemption of Debentures A/c	of		8,000	
		transferred to 9% Debentures A/				
	(e)	Bank A/c To Debenture Application an Allotment A/c	Dr. d	45,000	45,000	
		(Application money on 9% Debentures received)				
		Debenture Application and Allotment A/c	Dr.	45,000		
		Loss on issue of debentures A/c To 9% Debentures A/c	Dr.	10,000	50,000	
		To Premium on Redemption Debentures A/c	n of		5,000	½ ×10
		(Debentures application money transferred to 9% Debentures A/ and Premium on debenture according to the control of the control				=5 Marks
9.	Q. From th	e following 'Receipts and Payme	ents Acc	ount' of Golden	Club	
	Ans.					

	Dr. Income and E for the	Expenditure A year ended 3	v		Cr.				
	Expenditure	Amour (₹)	nt	Income	Amount (₹)				
	To Honorarium 75,000 By Subscriptions To Stationery 15,000 (1750 × 100) 1,75,000								
	To Electricity Bill	35,00	00 By Entra	nce Fees	50,000				
	To Rent	1,20,00	•	of Old Newspap	per 2,000	½×10			
	To Loss on Sale of Furniture	6,00	OO By Dona	tions	45,000	=5			
	To Excess of Income over Expenditure : Surplus	21,00	00			marks			
		2,72,00			2,72,000				
		PAR							
		OPTIC							
	(Analy	ysis of Finan	cial Stateme	ents)					
0.	Q. What is meant by 'Cash	Flow Staten	nent'?						
	Ans.								
	A Cash Flow Statement is a	statement tha	at provides in	nformation a	bout historical				
	changes in cash and cash equivalents of an enterprise by classifying cash flow into operating, investing and financing activities.								
	(Any other meaning)								
1.	Q. From the following infor	mation	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
	Ans.								
	K K Ltd.								
	Common-size Statement of Profit and Loss								
	for the year ended 31.3.2021 and 31.3.2022								
	Particulars	2020–21	2021–22	% of	% of				
		(₹)	(₹)	Revenue	Revenue				
				from	from				
				Operations 2020–21	Operations 2021–22				
						1/2			
	Revenue from Operations	15,00,000	20,00,000 2,00,000	100	100	1/2			
	Other Income	10	10	1/2					
	Total Revenue 16,50,000 22,00,000 110 110 Less: Expenses 3,00,000 4,00,000 20 20								
	Profit before Tax	13,50,000	18,00,000	90	90	1/2			
	Less: Tax @ 50%	6,75,000	9,00,000	45	45	72			
	Profit after Tax	6,75,000	9,00,000	45	45	1/2			
ŀ						= 3 Mark			
l						1			
			Or						



Q. From the following Balance Sheet of J. J. Ltd..... Ans.

J J Ltd. Comparative Balance Sheet as at 31.3.2021 and 31.3.2022

Particulars	31.3.2021 (₹)	31.3.2022 (₹)	Absolute Increase/ Decrease (₹)	% of Increase/ Decrease	
I. Equity and Liabilities :					
1. Shareholders' Funds:					
(a) Equity Share Capital	20,00,000	25,00,000	5,00,000	25	1/2
(b) Reserves and Surplus	4,00,000	5,00,000	1,00,000	25	1/2
2. Non-Current Liabilities: Long-term Borrowings3. Current Liabilities: Trade Payables	10,00,000	10,00,000	1,00,000	100	1/2
	, ,				1/2
Total	35,00,000	42,00,000	7,00,000	20	
II. Assets:					
1. Non-Current Assets : Fixed Assets	25,00,000	30,00,000	5,00,000	20	1/2
2. Current Assets:	23,00,000	30,00,000	3,00,000	20	
Inventories	10,00,000	12,00,000	2,00,000	20	1/2
Total	35,00,000	42,00,000	7,00,000	20	= 3 Marks

Q. From the following Balance Sheet of Jay..... **12.** Ans.

Calculation of cash flow from operating activities for the year ended 31st March 2022

Particulars	Amount (₹)	
Net profit before tax	5,50,000	
Add: Interest on Debentures	40,000	
Net Profit before working capital changes	5,90,000	
Add: Outstanding rent	2,00,000	
Less: Inventories (6,60,000)		
Trade Payables (1,00,000)	(7,60,000)	
Cash flow from operations	30,000	
Less: Tax paid	(100,000)	
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(70,000)	



1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

	Working Note:			
	Calculation of Net Profit before tax: (₹)			
	Net Profit 4,00,000	1		
	Add : Provision for tax $\underline{1,50,000}$	=5 Marks		
	<u>5,50,000</u>	Marks		
	PART-B			
	OPTION -II			
	(COMPUTERIZED ACCOUNTING)			
10.	Q. What is the meaning of the term			
	Ans. Meaning of Data Audit			
	Audit feature of accounting software provides the user with administrator right in			
	order to keep track of unauthorised access to the database. It audits for the	2 Marks		
	correctness of entries. Once entries are audited with alterations, if any the	2 Walks		
	software displays all entries along with the name of the auditor user and date and			
	time of alteration.			
11.	Q. State the three elements			
	Ans.			
	Any three from the following:			
	1. Pay in the scale plus grade pay which is known as Basic pay.			
	2. Grade pay is decided by the designation of the employee and added to Basic pay.			
	3. Dearness pay is that portion of the Dearness allowance which is merged to			
	Basic pay.			
	4. Dearness allowance is a compensation for erosion in purchasing power of wage earner due to price rise.			
	5. House rent allowance is an amount paid to facilitate employee in acquiring on lease of residential accommodation.			
	6. Transport allowance is an amount paid to facilitate commuting to the place of work.			
	7. Any other earning may include any other allowance not included above but declared from time to time, such as Medical Allowance, Education Allowance, etc.			
	8. Professional Tax is a statutory deduction according to the legislature of the State Government.			
	9. Provident Fund is a statutory declaration, as part of social security.			
	10. Tax deduction at source is a statutory deduction, which is deducted monthly towards Income Tax Liability of an employee.	1×3		
	11. Recovery of loan Instalment (LOAN) denotes any amount signified by the			
	employee for deduction on account of any loan taken up by him/her.	= 3		
	12. Any other deduction may include any deduction not included above	Marks		





	Or					
	Q. What is the use of					
	Ans.					
	This function returns the cumulative interest paid between two periods syntax.					
	CUMIPMT (rate, nper, pv, start_period, end_period, type)					
	Rate : Interest rate					
	nper : Total no. of interest period					
	pv : Present Value					
	start_period : Payment period no. 1					
	end_period : Last payment period	3				
	type : Timing of payment	Marks				
12.	Q. State the steps to					
	Ans.					
	Following are the steps to construct BRS in Tally:					
	 Bring up the monthly summary of any bank book Bring your cursor to the first month, Enter. This brings up the vouchers for the month of April. Since this is a Bank Account, and additional button F5; Reconcile will be visible on the right press F5 					
	• The display now becomes an Edit screen in 'Reconciliation' mode. The primary components are : A column for the 'Bankers Date'					
	The 'Reconciliation' at the bottom of the screen					
	Balance as per company books					
	Amount not reflected in the bank					
	Balance as per Bank	5 Mark				

* * *

